

Question 1-3 Given Parallelogram WXYZ, Where $WX=8z+2$, $XY=6z+4$, $YZ=5z+11$, Determine The Length Of ZW, In

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Understanding the properties of parallelograms is fundamental in geometry. These quadrilaterals possess specific characteristics, such as opposite sides being equal and parallel, which often help in solving various geometric problems involving side lengths and angles. In this article, we will analyze the problem involving parallelogram WXYZ, with given expressions for three of its sides, and systematically determine the length of the unknown side ZW. This comprehensive guide will walk you through the necessary concepts, step-by-step calculations, and the logical reasoning needed to solve the problem efficiently.

Understanding the Parallelogram WXYZ and Its Properties

What Is a Parallelogram?

A parallelogram is a four-sided polygon (quadrilateral) with opposite sides that are both parallel and equal in length. Some key properties include:

- Opposite sides are equal in length: $(AB = CD)$ and $(BC = AD)$.
- Opposite angles are equal.
- The diagonals bisect each other.

Given Data in the Problem

The problem provides algebraic expressions for three sides of the parallelogram WXYZ:

- $(WX = 8z + 2)$
- $(XY = 6z + 4)$
- $(YZ = 5z + 11)$

Our goal is to find the length of (ZW) . Since the problem involves a parallelogram, and three sides are given, the fourth side (ZW) can be determined using the properties of parallelograms.

Analyzing the Given Expressions and Setting Up Equations

Identifying Opposite Sides

In parallelogram WXYZ, the sides are typically labeled in order:

- $(W \rightarrow X)$
- $(X \rightarrow Y)$
- $(Y \rightarrow Z)$
- $(Z \rightarrow W)$

Given this, the sides are:

- (WX)
- (XY)
- (YZ)
- (ZW)

By the properties of parallelograms:

- (WX) is opposite (YZ)
- (XY) is opposite (ZW)

Since (WX) and (YZ) are opposite sides, they should be equal in length:

$$WX = YZ$$

Similarly, (XY) and (ZW) are opposite sides:

$$XY = ZW$$

Using this, we can set up equations based on the given expressions.

Formulating the Equations

1. Equate (WX) and (YZ) :

$$8z + 2 = 5z + 11$$

2. Find (ZW) which is equal to (XY) :

$$ZW = XY = 6z + 4$$

Our main task is to solve for (z) using the first equation and then find (ZW) .

Solving for the Variable (z)

Step 1: Solve the Equation $(8z + 2 = 5z + 11)$

Subtract $(5z)$ from both sides:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash \\ & 8z - 5z + 2 = 11 \\ & \backslash \end{aligned}$$

Simplify:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash \\ & 3z + 2 = 11 \\ & \backslash \end{aligned}$$

Subtract 2 from both sides:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash \\ & 3z = 9 \\ & \backslash \end{aligned}$$

Divide both sides by 3:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash \\ & z = 3 \\ & \backslash \end{aligned}$$

Step 2: Find (ZW) using $(z = 3)$

Recall:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash \\ & ZW = 6z + 4 \\ & \backslash \end{aligned}$$

Substitute $(z = 3)$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash \\ & ZW = 6(3) + 4 = 18 + 4 = 22 \\ & \backslash \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the length of (ZW) is 22 units.

Verification and Final Result

Verification of the Calculations

- Check that $(WX = YZ)$:

$$\begin{aligned} WX &= 8z + 2 = 8(3) + 2 = 24 + 2 = 26 \\ YZ &= 5z + 11 = 5(3) + 11 = 15 + 11 = 26 \end{aligned}$$

- Check (XY) :

$$XY = 6z + 4 = 6(3) + 4 = 18 + 4 = 22$$

- Confirm $(ZW = XY)$:

$$ZW = 22$$

Since the opposite sides are equal, and the calculations align, the solution is consistent with the properties of a parallelogram.

Final answer:

$$\boxed{\text{The length of } ZW \text{ is } 22 \text{ units}}$$

Conclusion

This problem illustrates how algebraic expressions can effectively describe geometric figures, especially parallelograms. By applying the fundamental properties of parallelograms, setting up equations based on given side lengths, and solving for the unknown variable, we accurately determined the length of (ZW) . Understanding how to translate geometric properties into algebraic equations is essential for solving a wide range of problems in geometry.

Key takeaways include:

- Recognizing opposite sides in a parallelogram.
- Equating expressions for opposite sides.
- Solving linear equations to find unknown variables.
- Substituting back to compute the required measurements.

This approach can be extended to more complex geometric problems involving algebraic expressions, making it a valuable skill for students and enthusiasts of geometry.

Additional Tips for Solving Parallelogram Problems

- Always verify which sides are opposite to form correct equations.
- Use properties of parallelograms to set up equations accurately.
- Check your solutions by substituting back into original expressions.
- Be cautious with algebraic manipulations to avoid mistakes.

By mastering these techniques, you'll be well-equipped to handle similar geometry problems involving algebraic expressions and properties of parallelograms efficiently.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the value of side WX in the parallelogram WXYZ given that $WX = 8z + 2$?

The length of WX is expressed as $8z + 2$, where z is a variable. To find its numerical value, z must be determined from additional information.

How do the expressions for XY, YZ, and WX relate in parallelogram WXYZ?

In parallelogram WXYZ, opposite sides are equal, so $XY = WZ$ and $WX = YZ$. Given $XY = 6z + 4$ and $YZ = 5z + 11$, these can be used to find z .

How can we find the value of z using the given side expressions?

Since opposite sides are equal, set $XY = WZ$ and $YZ = WX$. Using the expressions, solve for z to determine the side lengths.

What is the process to determine the length of side ZW in the parallelogram?

First, find z by equating the expressions for opposite sides, then substitute z into the expression for ZW to find its length.

Given $XY = 6z + 4$ and $YZ = 5z + 11$, how do you solve for z ?

Set XY equal to WZ (which is ZW) and YZ equal to WX, then solve the resulting equations for z .

What is the significance of the expressions $8z + 2$, $6z + 4$, and $5z + 11$ in the problem?

These expressions represent the lengths of sides WX, XY, and YZ respectively, parameterized by z , which must be solved to find specific side lengths.

Is there enough information to find the exact length of ZW without knowing the value of z ?

No, without solving for z , the exact length of ZW cannot be determined, as it depends on the variable z .

Can the problem be solved algebraically to find ZW's length? If so, how?

Yes, by setting opposite sides equal ($XY = ZW$ and $WX = YZ$), solving for z , and then substituting z into the expression for ZW.

What assumptions are made in solving for ZW in this parallelogram problem?

The key assumption is that opposite sides are equal, which is a property of parallelograms, allowing us to set the expressions equal and solve for z .

Once z is found, how do you compute the length of ZW?

Substitute the value of z into the expression for ZW (which is equal to XY or YZ) to find its numerical length.

Additional Resources

Question 1-3 Given Parallelogram WXYZ, Where $WX = 8z + 2$, $XY = 6z + 4$, $YZ = 5z + 11$, Determine The Length Of ZW, In

Introduction

In the realm of coordinate geometry and vector analysis, parallelograms serve as fundamental geometric figures that embody symmetry, proportionality, and vector addition principles. The problem at hand involves a parallelogram WXYZ, with known expressions for three of its sides in terms of an algebraic variable (z) . The task is to determine the length of the side ZW, also expressed in terms of (z) , which requires an understanding of the properties of parallelograms and the relationships between their sides.

This investigation explores the problem systematically, delving into the geometric principles that underpin the solution, analyzing the given expressions, and applying algebraic techniques to derive

the length of ZW . The importance of such problems extends beyond pure mathematics into fields like physics, computer graphics, and engineering, where vector and coordinate methods are essential.

Understanding the Problem

The Geometric Figure: Parallelogram $WXYZ$

A parallelogram $WXYZ$ is a quadrilateral with the following properties:

- Opposite sides are equal in length: $WX = YZ$ and $XY = ZW$.
- Adjacent sides are not necessarily equal, but the sides satisfy the parallelogram law that relates their vectors.

Given the side lengths as algebraic expressions involving z :

- $WX = 8z + 2$
- $XY = 6z + 4$
- $YZ = 5z + 11$

Our goal is to find the length of ZW , which, based on the properties of the parallelogram, should be expressed as $kz + c$, where k and c are constants.

Geometric Principles and Relationships

Opposite Sides in Parallelogram $WXYZ$

By the fundamental properties:

- WX is opposite to YZ ,
- XY is opposite to ZW .

Thus, the following relationships hold:

$$\begin{aligned} & WX = YZ \quad \text{and} \quad XY = ZW \end{aligned}$$

If the given expressions for WX and YZ are equal, then:

$$8z + 2 = 5z + 11$$

Similarly, since XY and ZW are opposite sides:

$$XY = ZW$$

\]

and we are to find (ZW) .

Implication for (z)

The equality $(8z + 2 = 5z + 11)$ provides a means to solve for (z) , which then can be used to compute (ZW) .

Step-by-Step Solution

1. Equate Opposite Sides (WX) and (YZ)

$$\begin{aligned} &[\\ 8z + 2 &= 5z + 11 \\ &] \end{aligned}$$

Subtract $(5z)$ from both sides:

$$\begin{aligned} &[\\ 8z - 5z + 2 &= 11 \\ &] \\ &[\\ 3z + 2 &= 11 \\ &] \end{aligned}$$

Subtract 2 from both sides:

$$\begin{aligned} &[\\ 3z &= 9 \\ &] \end{aligned}$$

Divide both sides by 3:

$$\begin{aligned} &[\\ z &= 3 \\ &] \end{aligned}$$

2. Find (ZW) Using (XY)

Since $(XY = ZW)$, and $(XY = 6z + 4)$:

$$\begin{aligned} &[\\ ZW &= 6z + 4 \\ &] \end{aligned}$$

Substitute $(z = 3)$:

\]

$$ZW = 6(3) + 4 = 18 + 4 = 22$$

\]

Confirming the Consistency of the Solution

1. Verify (YZ) with $(z = 3)$

\[

$$YZ = 5z + 11 = 5(3) + 11 = 15 + 11 = 26$$

\]

2. Check (WX) :

\[

$$WX = 8z + 2 = 8(3) + 2 = 24 + 2 = 26$$

\]

Since $(WX = YZ = 26)$, the opposite sides are equal, satisfying the parallelogram property.

3. Final Length of (ZW) :

\[

$$ZW = 22$$

\]

which aligns with the expectations based on the properties.

Geometric and Algebraic Insights

The Role of Variable (z)

The algebraic variable (z) plays a crucial role, representing a parameter that influences side lengths. Solving for (z) ensures the geometric consistency of the shape, reflecting the dependency of side lengths on a single scalar.

Parallelogram Properties in Vector Form

If the problem were approached via vectors, the properties would be:

\[

$$\vec{W} + \vec{XY} = \vec{Z}$$

\]

or similar relations, which would reinforce the algebraic findings.

Broader Context and Applications

Relevance in Geometry and Design

Understanding how side lengths relate when expressed algebraically is crucial in design, architecture, and computer graphics, where shapes are often parameterized.

Extension to Coordinate Geometry

Analyses like this can be extended into coordinate plane problems, where points are assigned coordinates, and distances are computed via the distance formula, providing a bridge between algebra and geometry.

Summary of Findings

- The length of side (ZW) in the parallelogram $(WXYZ)$ is 22 units.
- This result was obtained by equating the known expressions for (WX) and (YZ) , solving for (z) , and substituting into (XY) .
- The solution confirms the consistency of the given expressions with the properties of a parallelogram.

Conclusion

The investigation into the parallelogram $WXYZ$ demonstrates the power of algebraic methods in resolving geometric problems involving variable side lengths. By leveraging the fundamental property that opposite sides are equal, we established a straightforward algebraic equation, solved for the parameter (z) , and ultimately determined the length of ZW to be 22 units.

This problem exemplifies how geometric properties and algebraic expressions interplay, offering insights applicable across multiple disciplines, from pure mathematics to applied engineering. Mastery of these techniques enhances problem-solving skills and deepens understanding of the intrinsic connections between algebra and geometry.

References

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Note: This comprehensive analysis demonstrates the logical steps and geometric principles undergirding the solution to the problem, providing a clear and detailed pathway from given expressions to the final answer.

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