

Please Kindly Help With Solving This Question5. Find The Exact Value Of Each Expression. A. Tan Sin (9)

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Understanding the Problem: Finding Exact Values of Trigonometric Expressions

When faced with trigonometric expressions such as “Tan Sin (9),” it is essential to interpret what the problem is asking. Typically, in trigonometry, expressions involve functions like sine (sin), cosine (cos), tangent (tan), and their combinations, often with specified angles.

In this particular case, the notation “Tan Sin (9)” suggests we need to evaluate a composition of tangent and sine functions involving an angle measure of 9 degrees (or possibly radians, but usually degrees unless otherwise specified). The goal is to find the exact value of this expression, which means expressing the result in simplified radical form rather than a decimal approximation.

Breaking Down the Expression

Before proceeding, it’s important to clarify the expression:

- Expression: $\tan \sin (9)$
- Possible interpretation:
 - Option 1: $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$
 - Option 2: $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$ (which is the same as above)
 - Option 3: Could it be a typo, and meant to be “ $\tan(9^\circ) \sin(9^\circ)$ ”? Usually, the context clarifies, but here, the most logical interpretation is $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$.

Given the ambiguity, the most common and meaningful interpretation is:

\[

```
\boxed{
\text{Evaluate } \tan(\sin 9^\circ)
}
\]
```

This involves two steps:

1. Find $(\sin 9^\circ)$,
2. Then find $(\tan)$ of that value.

Step 1: Calculating $(\sin 9^\circ)$

The sine of 9 degrees does not correspond to a special angle with a simple radical form like 30° , 45° , or 60° . Therefore, $(\sin 9^\circ)$ is typically approximated numerically:

```
\[
\sin 9^\circ \approx 0.156434
\]
```

However, since the goal is to find an exact value, and 9° is not a standard angle with a known radical form, we cannot express $(\sin 9^\circ)$ exactly using radicals. Instead, we can express the value in terms of sine functions or use identities if needed.

Note: If the problem involves exact values, it may be that 9° is a special angle or that the problem expects the expression to be evaluated using approximate methods because exact radical forms are not available.

Step 2: Evaluating $(\tan(\sin 9^\circ))$

Given that:

```
\[
\sin 9^\circ \approx 0.156434
\]
```

We now find:

```
\[
\tan(0.156434)
\]
```

Using the small-angle approximation or calculator:

```
\[
\tan 0.156434 \approx 0.1572
\]
```

which again is an approximation.

But, since the prompt asks for exact values, how do we proceed?

Approach to Finding Exact Values in Trigonometry

When exact values are required, the common strategies include:

1. Using known special angles with their radical forms (e.g., 30° , 45° , 60° , 0° , 90°)
2. Applying sum and difference formulas
3. Using half-angle or double-angle identities
4. Expressing functions in terms of algebraic expressions involving radicals

Since 9° is not a standard angle with a radical form, the usual approach is to accept the approximate numerical value or, if the problem is designed for approximate answers, to provide that.

Alternative Interpretation: Could the Expression Be Different?

Another possible interpretation is that the notation “Tan Sin (9)” could be shorthand or miswritten. For example:

- Could it be: $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$?
- Or: $\tan \sin (9^\circ)$?

- Or: $\tan(\sin 9)$ where 9 is in radians.

If 9 is in radians, then:

$\sin 9 \text{ radians} \approx \sin(9) \approx 0.4121$

and

$\tan(0.4121) \approx 0.438$

Again, approximations.

Summary: How to Find Exact Values of Similar Expressions

Since the exact value of $\sin 9^\circ$ is not expressible in radicals using basic identities, the following methods are often used when exact values are sought:

- Use of Known Special Angles: Focus on angles like 0° , 30° , 45° , 60° , 90° .
- Algebraic Expressions: Express $\sin(3\theta)$, $\sin(2\theta)$, etc., in terms of radicals, but only if the angles are multiples of known special angles.
- Approximate Numerical Methods: When exact values are not possible, provide approximate values with high precision.
- Use of Inverse Functions: In some cases, expressing angles in terms of inverse functions can help, but this is rarely “exact” unless the angle is special.

Final Approach for This Problem

Given the standard understanding and common notation, the most reasonable conclusion is:

```
\[
\boxed{
\text{Evaluate } \tan(\sin 9^\circ) \approx 0.1572
}
\]
```

Because:

- $(\sin 9^\circ \approx 0.156434)$,
- $(\tan 0.156434 \approx 0.1572)$.

This is a numerical approximation, which is acceptable unless the problem explicitly asks for radical form or algebraic exactness.

Conclusion: Key Takeaways

- When evaluating compositions like $(\tan(\sin 9^\circ))$, start with understanding the angle measure.
- Recognize that for non-standard angles like 9° , exact radical forms typically do not exist.
- Use known identities and approximations to evaluate the expression.
- For exact values, focus on angles with known radical forms, such as 30° , 45° , 60° , etc.
- When approximate values suffice, use high-precision calculators or mathematical software for better accuracy.

Additional Resources and Practice

To improve your skills in evaluating such expressions, consider the following practice:

1. Evaluate $(\sin 30^\circ)$, $(\cos 45^\circ)$, $(\tan 60^\circ)$ in radical form.
2. Use double-angle and half-angle identities to derive radical forms of less common angles.
3. Practice converting between degrees and radians.

4. Utilize calculator or software tools for approximate evaluations when exact forms are unavailable.

Summary

While the exact radical form of $\sin 9^\circ$ and consequently $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$ is not readily expressible, understanding the process of evaluation, approximation, and the use of identities is crucial in trigonometry. Always interpret the problem carefully, determine whether an exact or approximate answer is required, and apply the appropriate methods accordingly.

If you have further questions or need assistance with similar problems, feel free to ask!

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the exact value of $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$?

The exact value of $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ cannot be simplified further without a calculator since $\sin(9^\circ)$ is not a standard angle, and thus $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ remains as is.

How can I evaluate $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ exactly?

Since 9° is not a common angle, the exact value of $\sin(9^\circ)$ is typically expressed as $\sin(9^\circ)$. Therefore, $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ is $\tan$ of that value, and unless given a special angle or a known exact value, it is expressed in terms of sine and tangent functions.

Is there a way to simplify $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ using identities?

Not directly, because $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ involves two different functions without a straightforward identity linking them. Numerical approximation or calculator is usually used unless approximations are acceptable.

Can I find the exact value of $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ using series expansion?

Yes, you can approximate $\sin(9^\circ)$ using its Taylor series expansion and then compute $\tan$ of that value, but the exact value remains expressed as $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$ unless the sine value simplifies to a known special angle.

Are there any special angle values close to 9° that can help me approximate $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$?

Angles like 0° , 30° , 45° , etc., are standard, but since 9° is small and not a standard angle, approximation methods or calculator are recommended for an accurate value of $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$.

Additional Resources

In-Depth Analysis and Solution for "Find the Exact Value of $\tan \sin (9)$ "

Introduction

Mathematics, especially trigonometry, often challenges students to evaluate exact values of various expressions involving angles and trigonometric functions. The problem "Please Kindly Help With Solving This Question5. Find The Exact Value Of Each Expression. A. $\tan \sin (9)$ " demands a precise understanding of trigonometric identities, inverse functions, and their properties.

This guide aims to thoroughly analyze and solve the expression $\tan \sin (9)$, assuming it refers to a composite of tangent and sine functions involving the angle 9 degrees (or radians, depending on context). We will explore all possible interpretations, clarify the notation, and provide step-by-step solutions with detailed explanations.

Clarification of the Expression: " $\tan \sin (9)$ "

Before proceeding, it's essential to interpret the notation correctly:

- Potential interpretations:
- 1. $\tan(\sin(9^\circ))$: The tangent of the sine of 9 degrees.
- 2. $\tan(\sin(9))$ with 9 in radians.
- 3. $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$: same as 1, just different notation.
- 4. A typo or formatting issue, possibly meant to be $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$ or $\tan(\sin 9)$.

Given standard notation and typical problem structures, the most probable meaning is:

```
\[
\boxed{
\text{Find the exact value of } \tan(\sin 9^\circ)
}
\]
```

or, more explicitly,

```
\[
\text{Evaluate } \tan(\sin 9^\circ)
\]
```

where:

- 9° is an angle in degrees.
- $\sin 9^\circ$ is the sine of 9 degrees – a known value, but not a "special" common angle.
- $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$ is the tangent of that sine value.

Step-by-Step Approach

Step 1: Understanding the inner function $\sin 9^\circ$

- Calculate or find the exact value of $\sin 9^\circ$.
- Since 9° is not a common special angle (like 30° , 45° , 60°), its sine value is typically irrational and can be approximated or expressed in radical form if possible.

Step 2: Express $\sin 9^\circ$

- The sine of 9 degrees does not have a simple radical form like $\sin 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$.
- It can, however, be approximated using the sine addition formulas or expressed via series expansion, but for exact value, it's best to accept the known approximate or express it through a calculator value.

Approximate value:

```
\[
\sin 9^\circ \approx 0.156434
\]
```

This value is obtained using a calculator or sine tables.

Step 3: Evaluate $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$

- Now, the problem reduces to evaluating:

$$\boxed{\tan(0.156434)}$$

- Since (0.156434) radians is a small angle, the tangent can be approximated as:

$$\tan x \approx x + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

for small (x) . But for an exact evaluation, if the problem requires precise symbolic form, note that:

$$\tan(\sin 9^\circ) = \tan(0.156434 \text{ radians})$$

- Using a calculator:

$$\tan 0.156434 \approx 0.15752$$

or, more precisely, in decimal form.

Step 4: Expressing the answer in exact form

Since $(\sin 9^\circ)$ does not have a simple radical form, the most exact way is to write the answer as:

$$\boxed{\text{Exact value} = \tan(\sin 9^\circ)}$$

which is a nested function expression involving known constants.

Alternatively, if the problem asks for a radical or algebraic expression, then:

- Express $(\sin 9^\circ)$ using multiple-angle formulas or sum formulas:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 9^\circ = \sin (45^\circ - 36^\circ) \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

and then:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 9^\circ = \sin 45^\circ \cos 36^\circ - \cos 45^\circ \sin 36^\circ \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

with known exact values for $\sin 45^\circ = \cos 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$.

- Express $\sin 36^\circ$ and $\cos 36^\circ$ in radical form:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 36^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}}}{4} \\ & \backslash] \\ & \backslash[\\ & \cos 36^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}}}{4} \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

- Express $\sin 45^\circ$ and $\cos 45^\circ$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 45^\circ = \cos 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

- Calculate $\sin 9^\circ$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 9^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}}}{4} \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

which simplifies to:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 9^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} \left(\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}} \right) \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

and further simplified:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ & \sin 9^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} \left(\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}} \right) \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

This is the exact radical form of $\sin 9^\circ$.

Step 5: Final expression for $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$

Putting it all together:

```
\[
\boxed{
\text{Exact } \tan(\sin 9^\circ) = \tan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} \left(
\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}} \right) \right)
}
```

This expression is exact but complicated. In most practical contexts, the decimal approximation is acceptable.

Additional Considerations

Why is this problem challenging?

- The primary challenge lies in evaluating the sine of a non-standard angle (9°), which does not correspond to a simple radical expression.
- The nested tangent of a sine value adds layers of complexity, especially if the goal is an exact radical form.

Common misinterpretations

- Sometimes, the notation might refer to the tangent of an angle or the tangent of a sine value, but the context clarifies the meaning.
- If the problem involved inverse functions, such as $\tan^{-1}$ or $\sin^{-1}$, the approach would differ.

Summary and Final Thoughts

- The most straightforward interpretation of "Tan Sin (9)" is evaluating:

```
\[
\tan (\sin 9^\circ)
\]
```

- The approximate value:

```
\[
\boxed{
\tan(\sin 9^\circ) \approx 0.15752
}
```

- The radical (exact) form involves expressing $\sin 9^\circ$ in radical form using multiple-angle identities and known exact values of $\sin 36^\circ$ and $\cos 36^\circ$.

- The exact radical form is:

$$\boxed{\sin 9^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} \left(\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}} \right)}$$

and thus,

$$\boxed{\text{Exact } \tan(\sin 9^\circ) = \tan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} \left(\sqrt{10 + 2\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{5}} \right) \right)}$$

Final Advice for Students

- Always verify the notation and clarify ambiguous expressions.
- When dealing with non-standard angles, consider breaking down the sine or cosine using sum or difference formulas.
- For exact radical expressions, leverage known special angle values and identities.
- Use approximations for practical calculations, but express solutions in radical form when an exact answer is desired.
- Practice recognizing patterns and identities for angles like 36° , 45° , 60° , which have radical expressions.

Conclusion

The problem of finding the exact value of $\tan(\sin 9^\circ)$

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