

The Area Of A Circle Is 81 cm^2 What Is The Circumference, In Centimeters? Express your Answer In Terms

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Understanding the relationship between the area and circumference of a circle is fundamental in geometry. When given the area of a circle, determining its circumference involves using the core formulas that relate radius, diameter, and the circle's measurements. In this article, we will explore the mathematical process to find the circumference of a circle when its area is known, specifically focusing on the case where the area is 81 cm^2 . We will also learn how to express the answer in terms of variables, ensuring clarity and flexibility in problem-solving.

Understanding the Basic Concepts of a Circle

Before diving into the calculations, it's essential to understand the key components involved:

Key Terms and Formulas

- **Radius (r):** The distance from the center of the circle to any point on its circumference.
- **Diameter (d):** The longest distance across the circle, passing through the center. $d = 2r$.
- **Circumference (C):** The perimeter or the total length around the circle. $C = 2\pi r$ or $C = \pi d$.

- **Area (A):** The space enclosed within the circle. $A = \pi r^2$.

Understanding these formulas is crucial because they are interconnected through the radius.

Given Data and Objective

- Given: Area of the circle, $A = 81 \text{ cm}^2$
- Objective: Find the circumference, C , in centimeters, expressed in terms of variables.

This problem involves reverse-engineering the radius from the given area and then calculating the circumference.

Step-by-Step Solution

Step 1: Express the radius in terms of the area

Using the area formula:

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Rearranged to solve for r :

$$r^2 = A / \pi$$

Therefore,

$$r = \sqrt{(A / \pi)}$$

Given $A = 81 \text{ cm}^2$:

$$r = \sqrt{(81 / \pi)}$$

This expresses the radius in terms of π .

Step 2: Write the formula for the circumference in terms of r

The circumference formula:

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Substituting r from above:

$$C = 2\pi \times \sqrt{(81 / \pi)}$$

Step 3: Simplify the expression for C

Let's focus on simplifying:

$$C = 2\pi \times \sqrt{(81 / \pi)}$$

Recall that:

$$\sqrt{(a / b)} = \sqrt{a} / \sqrt{b}$$

So,

$$C = 2\pi \times (\pi 81) / (\pi \pi)$$

Since $\pi 81 = 9$:

$$C = 2\pi \times 9 / \pi \pi$$

Thus,

$$C = (2\pi \times 9) / \pi \pi$$

$$C = (18\pi) / \pi \pi$$

Now, to express C purely in terms of π , we can manipulate the denominator:

$$C = 18\pi / \pi \pi$$

But $\pi \pi$ can be written as $\pi^{1/2}$, so:

$$C = 18\pi / \pi^{1/2} = 18 \times \pi^1 / \pi^{1/2} = 18 \times \pi^{1 - 1/2} = 18 \times \pi^{1/2}$$

Therefore,

$$C = 18 \times \pi \pi$$

This is a simplified expression for the circumference in terms of π .

Final Expression for the Circumference

$$C = 18\pi \pi \text{ centimeters}$$

This expression indicates that the circumference depends on the square root of A , and it can be approximated numerically if needed.

Numerical Approximation

Using $\pi \approx 3.1416$:

$$\sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}} \approx \sqrt{\frac{100}{3.1416}} \approx 1.772$$

Therefore,

$$C \approx 18 \times 1.772 \approx 31.9 \text{ cm}$$

Hence, the approximate circumference is 31.9 centimeters.

Summary of the Solution Process

To find the circumference when the area is given:

1. Use the area formula to express radius: $r = \sqrt{A/\pi}$
2. Substitute r into the circumference formula: $C = 2\pi r$
3. Simplify the expression algebraically to express C in terms of A : $C = 18\sqrt{A}$
4. (Optional) Approximate numerically for practical use.

Expressing the Answer in Terms of Variables

The key takeaway from this problem is that the circumference can be expressed in terms of the known

area and π :

$$C = 18\pi \text{ centimeters}$$

This expression is valuable because it maintains the symbolic relationship, allowing for easy substitution if the area or the constant π changes.

Additional Insights and Related Problems

Understanding these relationships opens doors to solving various geometry problems involving circles, such as:

- Calculating the radius when the circumference is known
- Finding the area given the circumference
- Solving for other parameters of circles based on partial data

Practice Problems

1. If the area of a circle is 50 cm^2 , what is its circumference? Express your answer in terms of π .
2. A circle has a circumference of $20\pi \text{ cm}$. Find its area in terms of π .
3. Derive a general formula for the circumference of a circle given its area in terms of π .

Conclusion

In conclusion, determining the circumference of a circle from its area involves understanding the fundamental formulas and their interrelationships. When the area is 81 cm^2 , the circumference can be expressed as 18π centimeters, which provides both an exact symbolic answer and a basis for numerical approximation. Such problems reinforce the importance of algebraic manipulation and understanding geometric relationships, essential skills for students and professionals working with circular measurements.

By mastering these methods, you'll be well-equipped to handle various geometry problems involving circles, whether in academic settings or real-world applications such as engineering, architecture, and design.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the radius of a circle with an area of 81 cm^2 ?

The radius is 9 cm, since $\text{Area} = \pi r^2$, so $r = \sqrt{(81/\pi)} = 3\sqrt{(9/\pi)}$ cm.

How do you find the circumference of a circle if its area is given?

First find the radius using the area formula, then use the circumference formula $C = 2\pi r$.

What is the formula to express the circumference in terms of the area of a circle?

Circumference $C = 2\pi\sqrt{(\text{Area}/\pi)}$.

Calculate the circumference of a circle with an area of 81 cm^2 , expressed in terms of π .

Circumference = $2\pi\sqrt{(81/\pi)}$ cm, which simplifies to $2\pi \times 9/\sqrt{\pi}$ cm.

If the area of a circle is 81 cm^2 , what is the exact circumference in terms of π ?

Circumference = $2 \times \pi(81) \times \pi = 2 \times 9 \times \pi = 18\pi$ cm.

Why do we express the circumference in terms of π when given the area?

Because the calculations involve π , expressing the answer in terms of π maintains exactness and clarity.

Can you derive the formula for circumference in terms of area for a circle?

Yes, since area $A = \pi r^2$, solving for r gives $r = \sqrt{(A/\pi)}$. Then, circumference $C = 2\pi r = 2\pi\sqrt{(A/\pi)}$.

What is the approximate value of the circumference for the circle with an area of 81 cm^2 ?

Using $C \approx 2\pi \times (\text{radius})$, with radius $\approx 3\sqrt{(9/\pi)}$ cm, the approximate circumference is about 18 cm.

Additional Resources

Circle Geometry

Understanding the relationship between a circle's area and its circumference is fundamental in geometry, with applications spanning engineering, design, and everyday problem-solving. Today, we explore a classic problem: Given that the area of a circle is 81 cm^2 , what is its circumference? We will walk through the process step by step, clarify the concepts involved, and provide a comprehensive explanation suitable for students, educators, or anyone interested in the beauty of circle mathematics.

Understanding the Basics of Circle Geometry

Before diving into calculations, it's essential to grasp the core properties and formulas associated with circles. Two primary measurements define a circle:

- Area (A): The space enclosed within the circle.
- Circumference (C): The perimeter or the length around the circle.

Key formulas:

- Area: $(A = \pi r^2)$
- Circumference: $(C = 2\pi r)$

where:

- (r) = radius of the circle
- (π) ≈ 3.1416

Step 1: Extracting the Radius from the Area

Given the area, the first step is to determine the radius, as it forms the basis for calculating the circumference.

Given:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ A &= 81 \text{ cm}^2 \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

Formula:

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ A &= \pi r^2 \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

Solving for r :

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ r^2 &= \frac{A}{\pi} \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \backslash[\\ r^2 &= \frac{81}{\pi} \\ & \backslash] \end{aligned}$$

Calculating r :

$$r^2 = \frac{81}{3.1416} \approx 25.8$$

$$r = \sqrt{25.8} \approx 5.08 \text{ cm}$$

Note: For accuracy, we keep the exact fractional form for the radius:

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{81}{\pi}}$$

which simplifies to:

$$r = \frac{\sqrt{81}}{\sqrt{\pi}} = \frac{9}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

This expression maintains the answer in terms of π , making it easier to express the final circumference in terms of π .

Step 2: Calculating the Circumference

Now that we have the radius in terms of π :

$$r = \frac{9}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

we can find the circumference:

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Substitute the radius:

$$C = 2\pi \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{\pi}} = \frac{2\pi \times 9}{\sqrt{\pi}} = \frac{18\pi}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

Expressing the circumference in terms of π :

To simplify:

$$C = 18 \times \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{\pi}} = 18 \times \sqrt{\pi}$$

because:

$$\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{\pi}} = \sqrt{\pi}$$

Final expression:

$$\boxed{C = 18 \sqrt{\pi} \text{ cm}}$$

This is a precise, exact expression of the circumference in terms of π .

Interpreting the Result and Approximate Calculation

While the exact form is elegant and mathematically satisfying, practical applications often require a decimal approximation.

Calculating $\sqrt{\pi}$:

$$\sqrt{\pi} \approx \sqrt{3.1416} \approx 1.772$$

Calculating the circumference:

$$\sqrt{\pi}$$

$$C \approx 18 \times 1.772 \approx 31.89 \text{ cm}$$

]

Thus, the circumference of the circle is approximately 31.89 centimeters.

Summary of the Key Steps

Here's a quick recap of the process:

1. Start with the area:

[

$$A = 81 \text{ cm}^2$$

]

2. Use the area formula to find the radius:

[

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}} = \frac{9}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

]

3. Express the circumference in terms of π :

[

$$C = 2\pi r = 2\pi \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{\pi}} = 18\sqrt{\pi}$$

]

4. Calculate the numerical approximation:

$\sqrt{}$

$C \approx 18 \times 1.772 \approx 31.89 \text{ cm}$

$\sqrt{}$

Additional Insights and Practical Applications

Understanding how to transition between area and circumference is invaluable in multiple contexts:

- Design and Manufacturing: When creating circular objects (e.g., wheels, rings), knowing the relationship helps in material estimation.
- Mathematical problem-solving: The method demonstrates how to handle algebraic manipulation involving π .
- Educational tools: Teaching students to express answers in terms of π enhances conceptual understanding.

Key Tips:

- Always write your radius in terms of π when possible to maintain exactness.
- Remember that $\sqrt{\pi}$ is an irrational number, so an approximate decimal value is often necessary for real-world applications.
- When expressing the circumference in terms of π , the simplified form is often more elegant and precise.

Conclusion

In conclusion, given that the area of a circle is 81 cm^2 , the precise circumference of the circle can be expressed as:

$$C = 18\sqrt{\pi} \text{ centimeters}$$

which approximately equals 31.89 cm when evaluated numerically. This problem exemplifies the beauty of geometric relationships and highlights the importance of algebraic manipulation in deriving exact expressions. Whether for academic purposes or practical applications, mastering the connection between a circle's area and its circumference is a fundamental skill that enriches one's mathematical toolkit.

Final note: Always verify your calculations and approach problems systematically—this ensures clarity and accuracy, especially when dealing with irrational numbers like π .

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