

WHAT DID COMMON SENSE REFER TO IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION? A. THE PAMPHLET BY THOMAS PAINE THAT CONVINCED

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THE PHRASE “COMMON SENSE” IN THE CONTEXT OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION IS MOST FAMOUSLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE INFLUENTIAL PAMPHLET WRITTEN BY THOMAS PAINE IN 1776. THIS PUBLICATION PLAYED A PIVOTAL ROLE IN SHAPING PUBLIC OPINION AND GALVANIZING SUPPORT AMONG THE AMERICAN COLONISTS FOR INDEPENDENCE FROM BRITAIN. TO UNDERSTAND WHAT “COMMON SENSE” REFERRED TO IN THIS REVOLUTIONARY PERIOD, IT IS ESSENTIAL TO EXPLORE THE CONTENT, ARGUMENTS, AND IMPACT OF PAINE’S PAMPHLET, AS WELL AS THE BROADER CULTURAL AND POLITICAL CLIMATE IT ADDRESSED.

UNDERSTANDING THE CONTEXT OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

THE POLITICAL CLIMATE BEFORE 1776

- THE COLONIES HAD BEEN UNDER BRITISH RULE FOR OVER A CENTURY, YET THEY DEVELOPED A DISTINCT IDENTITY.
- TENSIONS AROSE DUE TO TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION, SUCH AS THE STAMP ACT AND TOWNSHEND ACTS.
- COLONIAL PROTESTS AND BOYCOTTS GRADUALLY ESCALATED INTO CALLS FOR GREATER AUTONOMY.
- THE FIRST CONTINENTAL CONGRESS MET IN 1774 TO ADDRESS GRIEVANCES, BUT UNITY WAS FRAGILE.

THE SHIFT TOWARD INDEPENDENCE

- THE BATTLES OF LEXINGTON AND CONCORD IN APRIL 1775 MARKED THE BEGINNING OF ARMED CONFLICT.
- MANY COLONISTS STILL QUESTIONED WHETHER INDEPENDENCE WAS THE RIGHT COURSE.
- THE PUBLICATION OF INFLUENTIAL WRITINGS, INCLUDING PAINE’S “COMMON SENSE,” HELPED SHIFT PUBLIC OPINION.

WHAT DID “COMMON SENSE” REFER TO IN THE REVOLUTION?

DEFINITION OF “COMMON SENSE” IN THIS CONTEXT

- THE PHRASE DID NOT MERELY IMPLY ORDINARY GOOD JUDGMENT BUT BECAME SYNONYMOUS WITH A COMPELLING, STRAIGHTFORWARD ARGUMENT FOR INDEPENDENCE.
- PAINE’S PAMPHLET AIMED TO APPEAL TO THE “COMMON SENSE” OF EVERYDAY COLONISTS—ORDINARY PEOPLE—ABOUT WHY INDEPENDENCE WAS NECESSARY AND JUSTIFIED.
- IT CHALLENGED THE LEGITIMACY OF MONARCHY AND HEREDITARY RULE, ASSERTING THAT SUCH SYSTEMS WERE INHERENTLY UNJUST AND ILLOGICAL.

THE CORE PRINCIPLES OF PAINE’S “COMMON SENSE”

- REJECTION OF MONARCHY AND HEREDITARY SUCCESSION
- PAINE ARGUED THAT MONARCHY WAS AN ABSURD FORM OF GOVERNMENT ROOTED IN ANTIQUATED TRADITION.
- THE IDEA THAT A DISTANT KING IN BRITAIN COULD LEGITIMATELY RULE OVER AMERICAN COLONISTS WAS FUNDAMENTALLY FLAWED.
- ADVOCACY FOR REPUBLICANISM

- PAINE PROMOTED THE IDEA OF A GOVERNMENT BASED ON THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE, RATHER THAN INHERITED PRIVILEGE.
- THE CONCEPT OF A REPUBLIC WHERE LEADERS ARE ELECTED BY THE CITIZENS BECAME CENTRAL.
- THE CASE FOR INDEPENDENCE
- PAINE EMPHASIZED THAT THE COLONIES WOULD BE BETTER OFF FREE FROM BRITISH CONTROL.
- HE POINTED OUT THE ECONOMIC, POLITICAL, AND MORAL REASONS FOR BREAKING AWAY.

THE RHETORICAL APPROACH OF “COMMON SENSE”

- PAINE USED CLEAR, ACCESSIBLE LANGUAGE AIMED AT THE AVERAGE COLONIST.
- HE EMPLOYED LOGICAL ARGUMENTS COMBINED WITH EMOTIONAL APPEALS TO FOSTER A SENSE OF URGENCY.
- THE PAMPHLET WAS CONCISE, FORCEFUL, AND PERSUASIVE, MAKING COMPLEX POLITICAL IDEAS UNDERSTANDABLE TO ALL.

THE IMPACT OF “COMMON SENSE”

WIDESPREAD DISTRIBUTION AND READERSHIP

- THE PAMPHLET QUICKLY SPREAD THROUGHOUT THE COLONIES, WITH HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF COPIES CIRCULATED.
- IT WAS AFFORDABLE AND ACCESSIBLE, ENABLING MANY COLONISTS TO READ AND DISCUSS ITS IDEAS.
- PAINE’S WRITING RESONATED PARTICULARLY WITH THOSE WHO FELT DISCONNECTED FROM THE ARISTOCRATIC POLITICAL ELITE.

THE ROLE IN SHAPING PUBLIC OPINION

- “COMMON SENSE” SHIFTED THE CONVERSATION FROM MERE GRIEVANCES TO THE NECESSITY OF INDEPENDENCE.
- IT HELPED TRANSFORM THE COLONIES’ OUTLOOK, FOSTERING A COLLECTIVE IDENTITY ROOTED IN LIBERTY AND SELF-GOVERNANCE.
- THE PAMPHLET PROVIDED A COMPELLING MORAL JUSTIFICATION FOR REVOLUTION.

INFLUENCE ON KEY FIGURES AND THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

- PROMINENT LEADERS, INCLUDING MEMBERS OF THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, READ AND ENDORSED PAINE’S ARGUMENTS.
- THE IDEAS IN “COMMON SENSE” INFLUENCED THE DRAFTING OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE LATER THAT YEAR.
- THOMAS JEFFERSON AND OTHERS CITED THE PAMPHLET AS A MAJOR INSPIRATION FOR ASSERTING THE COLONIES’ RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION.

THE LEGACY OF “COMMON SENSE” IN AMERICAN HISTORY

REDEFINING “COMMON SENSE” AS A POLITICAL CONCEPT

- THE PHRASE BECAME SYNONYMOUS WITH PRACTICAL, STRAIGHTFORWARD ARGUMENTS FOR JUSTICE AND SELF-RULE.
- IT EXEMPLIFIED THE POWER OF MASS COMMUNICATION IN SHAPING POLITICAL CHANGE.

IMPACT BEYOND THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

- THE IDEAS PROMOTED BY PAINE INFLUENCED SUBSEQUENT DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENTS WORLDWIDE.
- “COMMON SENSE” REMAINS A SYMBOL OF REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVISM AND THE IMPORTANCE OF ACCESSIBLE POLITICAL DISCOURSE.

CONCLUSION

IN THE CONTEXT OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, "COMMON SENSE" PRIMARILY REFERRED TO THE REVOLUTIONARY IDEAS ARTICULATED BY THOMAS PAINE IN HIS PAMPHLET OF THE SAME NAME. IT WAS A CALL TO THE ORDINARY COLONISTS TO RECOGNIZE THEIR INHERENT RIGHT TO INDEPENDENCE, TO REJECT THE OLD-WORLD NOTIONS OF MONARCHY AND HEREDITARY RULE, AND TO EMBRACE A NEW FORM OF GOVERNMENT ROOTED IN THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE. PAINE'S "COMMON SENSE" WAS NOT JUST A TITLE BUT A RALLYING CRY THAT ENCAPSULATED THE SPIRIT OF THE REVOLUTION—PROMOTING CLARITY, REASON, AND MORAL CONVICTION IN THE PURSUIT OF LIBERTY. ITS ENDURING LEGACY LIES IN ITS ABILITY TO ARTICULATE COMPLEX POLITICAL IDEAS IN A MANNER ACCESSIBLE TO ALL, TRANSFORMING PUBLIC OPINION AND ULTIMATELY HELPING TO FORGE A NEW NATION BASED ON THE PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRACY AND SELF-DETERMINATION.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT WAS THE MAIN MESSAGE OF COMMON SENSE DURING THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION?

COMMON SENSE ADVOCATED FOR AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE FROM BRITAIN AND ARGUED THAT THE COLONIES SHOULD BREAK FREE FROM ROYAL RULE TO ESTABLISH THEIR OWN GOVERNMENT.

WHO AUTHORED THE PAMPHLET 'COMMON SENSE' AND WHAT WAS ITS SIGNIFICANCE?

THOMAS PAINE AUTHORED COMMON SENSE, AND IT PLAYED A CRUCIAL ROLE IN CONVINCING MANY AMERICAN COLONISTS TO SUPPORT INDEPENDENCE FROM BRITAIN.

HOW DID COMMON SENSE INFLUENCE PUBLIC OPINION DURING THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION?

THE PAMPHLET MADE A COMPELLING CASE FOR INDEPENDENCE, SWAYING PUBLIC OPINION BY PRESENTING LOGICAL ARGUMENTS AGAINST MONARCHY AND BRITISH RULE.

IN WHAT WAYS DID COMMON SENSE CHALLENGE THE EXISTING POLITICAL VIEWS OF THE COLONIES?

IT CHALLENGED THE IDEA OF LOYALTY TO THE BRITISH CROWN, PROMOTED REPUBLICAN IDEALS, AND ARGUED THAT A SMALL ISLAND LIKE BRITAIN SHOULD NOT CONTROL A CONTINENT LIKE AMERICA.

WHAT SPECIFIC ARGUMENTS DID THOMAS PAINE MAKE IN COMMON SENSE TO SUPPORT INDEPENDENCE?

PAINE ARGUED THAT INDEPENDENCE WAS NECESSARY FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH, CRITICIZED MONARCHY AS AN UNJUST FORM OF GOVERNMENT, AND CALLED FOR A REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT BASED ON POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY.

WHY IS COMMON SENSE CONSIDERED A TURNING POINT IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION?

BECAUSE IT WIDELY SPREAD REVOLUTIONARY IDEAS AND HELPED GALVANIZE COLONISTS TOWARD DECLARING INDEPENDENCE, SHAPING THE POLITICAL LANDSCAPE OF THE REVOLUTION.

HOW WAS COMMON SENSE RECEIVED BY THE COLONISTS WHEN IT WAS PUBLISHED?

IT WAS EXTREMELY POPULAR, SELLING OVER 100,000 COPIES IN A FEW MONTHS, AND GREATLY INFLUENCED THE

REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT.

DID COMMON SENSE INFLUENCE THE DRAFTING OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE?

WHILE NOT DIRECTLY INVOLVED, THE IDEAS IN COMMON SENSE INFLUENCED THE REVOLUTIONARY LEADERS AND CONTRIBUTED TO THE IDEOLOGICAL FOUNDATION OF THE DECLARATION.

WHAT LASTING IMPACT DID COMMON SENSE HAVE ON AMERICAN POLITICAL THOUGHT?

IT HELPED ESTABLISH THE PRINCIPLES OF REPUBLICANISM AND POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY THAT CONTINUE TO UNDERPIN AMERICAN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY TODAY.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

WHAT DID COMMON SENSE REFER TO IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION? A. THE PAMPHLET BY THOMAS PAINE THAT CONVINCED

THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION WAS A PIVOTAL MOMENT IN WORLD HISTORY, MARKED BY THE COLONIES' BOLD MOVE TOWARD INDEPENDENCE FROM BRITISH RULE. CENTRAL TO THIS MOVEMENT WAS A POWERFUL IDEA: COMMON SENSE. WHILE THE TERM ITSELF HAS BROAD CONNOTATIONS OF SHARED UNDERSTANDING AND PRACTICAL JUDGMENT, IN THE CONTEXT OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, IT SPECIFICALLY REFERS TO A SEMINAL PAMPHLET AUTHORED BY THOMAS PAINE THAT PLAYED A CRUCIAL ROLE IN SHAPING PUBLIC OPINION AND GALVANIZING REVOLUTIONARY SENTIMENT. THIS ARTICLE DELVES DEEPLY INTO WHAT "COMMON SENSE" SIGNIFIED IN THIS HISTORIC PERIOD, EXPLORING ITS CONTENT, CONTEXT, AND LASTING IMPACT.

UNDERSTANDING THE CONCEPT OF COMMON SENSE BEFORE THE REVOLUTION

BEFORE THOMAS PAINE'S PAMPHLET, THE PHRASE "COMMON SENSE" WAS GENERALLY USED TO DESCRIBE SOUND, PRACTICAL JUDGMENT THAT IS SHARED BY ORDINARY PEOPLE. IT WAS A TERM ROOTED IN ENLIGHTENMENT IDEALS, EMPHASIZING REASON AND COLLECTIVE WISDOM OVER ARISTOCRATIC OR MONARCHICAL AUTHORITY. HOWEVER, IN THE SPECIFIC CONTEXT OF THE AMERICAN COLONIES, "COMMON SENSE" TOOK ON A MORE CHARGED AND REVOLUTIONARY CONNOTATION.

- TRADITIONAL MEANING: INNATE HUMAN REASONING THAT GUIDES RATIONAL DECISION-MAKING.
- ENLIGHTENMENT INFLUENCE: EMPHASIZED THE USE OF REASON AS THE FOUNDATION FOR JUSTICE AND GOVERNANCE.
- COLONIAL PERSPECTIVE: THE IDEA THAT INDEPENDENCE AND SELF-GOVERNANCE WERE NOT ONLY LOGICAL BUT MORALLY NECESSARY.

IN THIS ENVIRONMENT, "COMMON SENSE" WAS MORE THAN JUST GOOD JUDGMENT; IT WAS THE VOICE OF THE ORDINARY COLONISTS ASSERTING THEIR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION.

THOMAS PAINE'S "COMMON SENSE": AN OVERVIEW

PUBLISHED IN JANUARY 1776, THOMAS PAINE'S COMMON SENSE WAS A 47-PAGE PAMPHLET THAT SWIFTLY BECAME ONE OF THE MOST INFLUENTIAL TEXTS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. ITS PURPOSE WAS TO PERSUADE ORDINARY COLONISTS OF THE IMPERATIVE NEED TO BREAK FREE FROM BRITISH RULE.

KEY ASPECTS OF PAINE'S PAMPHLET INCLUDE:

- ACCESSIBLE LANGUAGE: WRITTEN IN CLEAR, STRAIGHTFORWARD PROSE, MAKING COMPLEX POLITICAL IDEAS UNDERSTANDABLE

TO THE COMMON PERSON.

- URGENT TONE: EMPHASIZED THE IMMEDIACY OF ACTION NEEDED TO SECURE LIBERTY.
- LOGICAL ARGUMENTS: USED COMMON SENSE REASONING TO DISMANTLE THE LEGITIMACY OF MONARCHY AND HEREDITARY RULE.
- EMOTIONAL APPEAL: INSPIRED PRIDE AND A SENSE OF MORAL RIGHTEOUSNESS AMONG COLONISTS.

IMPACT: THE PAMPHLET SOLD OVER 100,000 COPIES WITHIN A FEW MONTHS, A REMARKABLE FEAT AT THE TIME, AND SIGNIFICANTLY SHIFTED PUBLIC OPINION TOWARD INDEPENDENCE.

THE CORE IDEAS OF “COMMON SENSE” IN THE CONTEXT OF THE REVOLUTION

THOMAS PAINE’S COMMON SENSE ARTICULATED SEVERAL CORE IDEAS THAT REDEFINED THE COLONIES’ UNDERSTANDING OF THEIR RELATIONSHIP WITH BRITAIN AND THEIR OWN GOVERNANCE:

1. THE CRITIQUE OF MONARCHY AND HEREDITARY SUCCESSION

PAINE ARGUED THAT:

- MONARCHY IS UNNATURAL AND UNJUST: IT IS BASED ON TRADITION RATHER THAN MERIT.
- HEREDITARY MONARCHY IS ABSURD: THE IDEA THAT POWER SHOULD BE PASSED DOWN THROUGH FAMILY LINES WITHOUT REGARD FOR INDIVIDUAL ABILITY IS IRRATIONAL.
- KINGS ARE TYRANTS: THE MONARCHY, ESPECIALLY THE BRITISH MONARCH, WAS DEPICTED AS AN OPPRESSIVE FORCE.

2. THE CASE FOR INDEPENDENCE

PAINE MADE A COMPELLING ARGUMENT THAT:

- REMAINING UNDER BRITISH RULE WAS IMPRACTICAL AND HARMFUL: THE COLONIES WOULD NEVER ATTAIN TRUE FREEDOM OR PROSPERITY WHILE SUBORDINATE TO BRITAIN.
- INDEPENDENCE WAS THE LOGICAL NEXT STEP: IT WAS “COMMON SENSE” FOR COLONIES TO GOVERN THEMSELVES AND FORGE THEIR OWN DESTINY.

3. THE ECONOMIC RATIONALE

HE HIGHLIGHTED THE ECONOMIC DISADVANTAGES OF BRITISH RULE:

- TRADE RESTRICTIONS: BRITISH POLICIES LIMITED COLONIAL TRADE AND INNOVATION.
- SELF-SUFFICIENCY: COLONIES COULD THRIVE INDEPENDENTLY IF FREE FROM BRITISH INTERFERENCE.

4. THE GEOGRAPHICAL AND POLITICAL ARGUMENT

- DISTANCE AND SIZE: THE COLONIES WERE VAST AND DISTANT FROM BRITAIN, MAKING DIRECT CONTROL INEFFICIENT AND UNNECESSARY.
- SELF-GOVERNANCE: THE COLONIES HAD DEVELOPED THEIR OWN INSTITUTIONS AND TRADITIONS OF SELF-RULE, MAKING BRITISH OVERSIGHT REDUNDANT.

5. THE MORAL AND ETHICAL DIMENSION

- UNIVERSAL RIGHTS: ALL MEN ARE CREATED EQUAL, WITH UNALIENABLE RIGHTS TO LIFE, LIBERTY, AND THE PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS.
- MORAL DUTY: COLONISTS HAD A MORAL OBLIGATION TO BREAK FREE FROM TYRANNY AND ESTABLISH A GOVERNMENT BASED ON POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY.

WHY DID “COMMON SENSE” RESONATE SO DEEPLY?

THOMAS PAINE’S PAMPHLET STRUCK A CHORD BECAUSE IT TAPPED INTO THE FOUNDATIONAL IDEA OF COMMON SENSE—SHARED REASON AND PRACTICAL JUDGMENT—AND APPLIED IT TO THE COLONIAL SITUATION. SEVERAL FACTORS CONTRIBUTED TO ITS WIDESPREAD INFLUENCE:

- LANGUAGE ACCESSIBILITY: UNLIKE PREVIOUS POLITICAL WRITINGS, IT WAS WRITTEN IN PLAIN LANGUAGE ACCESSIBLE TO THE COMMON MAN.
- EMOTIONAL RESONANCE: IT FOSTERED A SENSE OF MORAL RIGHTEOUSNESS AND SHARED PURPOSE.
- STRATEGIC ARGUMENTATION: IT PROVIDED CLEAR, LOGICAL REASONS WHY INDEPENDENCE WAS INEVITABLE AND NECESSARY.
- TIMING: PUBLISHED JUST MONTHS BEFORE THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, IT HELPED SHIFT PUBLIC OPINION FIRMLY TOWARD REVOLUTION.

THE POLITICAL AND SOCIAL IMPACT OF “COMMON SENSE” IN THE REVOLUTION

TRANSFORMING PUBLIC OPINION

- THE PAMPHLET MOVED THE AVERAGE COLONIST FROM CAUTIOUS DISSENT TO ACTIVE SUPPORT FOR INDEPENDENCE.
- IT CHALLENGED LOYALTY TO THE BRITISH CROWN AND QUESTIONED THE LEGITIMACY OF MONARCHY AND ARISTOCRACY.
- IT UNIFIED DIVERSE COLONIES AROUND THE CAUSE OF INDEPENDENCE.

INFLUENCING LEADERS AND THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

- MANY REVOLUTIONARIES, INCLUDING MEMBERS OF THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, CITED COMMON SENSE AS A KEY INFLUENCE.
- IT PROVIDED IDEOLOGICAL BACKING FOR THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, AUTHORED A FEW MONTHS LATER.

FOSTERING A NEW NATIONAL IDENTITY

- THE PAMPHLET HELPED FORGE A COLLECTIVE AMERICAN IDENTITY ROOTED IN REASON, LIBERTY, AND SELF-GOVERNANCE.
- IT LAID THE INTELLECTUAL GROUNDWORK FOR THE EMERGING NATION’S DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES.

LEGACY OF “COMMON SENSE” IN AMERICAN HISTORY

THE INFLUENCE OF PAINE’S COMMON SENSE EXTENDED WELL BEYOND THE REVOLUTION:

- INSPIRATIONAL MODEL: IT SET A PRECEDENT FOR PERSUASIVE POLITICAL WRITING AIMED AT SHAPING PUBLIC OPINION.
- REVOLUTIONARY IDEOLOGY: IT CEMENTED THE NOTION THAT GOVERNMENT SHOULD BE BASED ON THE CONSENT OF THE GOVERNED.
- UNIVERSAL PRINCIPLES: ITS EMPHASIS ON NATURAL RIGHTS AND EQUALITY BECAME FOUNDATIONAL TO AMERICAN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY.
- ENDURING RELEVANCE: THE PHRASE “COMMON SENSE” CONTINUES TO SYMBOLIZE PRACTICAL WISDOM AND DEMOCRATIC IDEALS.

CONCLUSION: WHAT DID “COMMON SENSE” REFER TO IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION?

IN SUM, “COMMON SENSE” IN THE CONTEXT OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION REFERRED TO BOTH A PHILOSOPHICAL CONCEPT AND A REVOLUTIONARY PAMPHLET THAT EMBODIED AND PROMOTED THE IDEA THAT ORDINARY PEOPLE, GUIDED BY REASON AND SHARED MORAL PRINCIPLES, HAD THE RIGHT AND DUTY TO OVERTHROW TYRANNY AND ESTABLISH A GOVERNMENT ROOTED IN LIBERTY AND EQUALITY. THOMAS PAINE’S COMMON SENSE WAS NOT MERELY A TITLE BUT A REFLECTION OF THE REVOLUTIONARY SPIRIT: THE BELIEF THAT JUSTICE, REASON, AND MORALITY ARE ACCESSIBLE TO ALL AND SHOULD GUIDE THE COURSE OF HISTORY. ITS POWERFUL ARGUMENTS AND ACCESSIBLE LANGUAGE TRANSFORMED THE POLITICAL LANDSCAPE, TURNING THE ABSTRACT IDEA OF INDEPENDENCE INTO A PRACTICAL AND ACHIEVABLE GOAL ROOTED IN THE COLLECTIVE COMMON SENSE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

IN ESSENCE, “COMMON SENSE” IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION WAS THE RALLYING CRY THAT REASON, MORALITY, AND SHARED UNDERSTANDING JUSTIFIED AND DEMANDED INDEPENDENCE—A CONCEPT THAT THOMAS PAINE’S PAMPHLET MASTERFULLY ARTICULATED AND POPULARIZED, LEAVING A LASTING LEGACY IN THE FOUNDATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

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